

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—Immediately over the Telegraph
Office, corner of Clinton and Columbia streets
Third Story.

TERMS:
Two Dollars per annum in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.
A paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.
Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten Lines, for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.
A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING
Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch
on the most reasonable terms.

The Knox Insurance Company,
FIRE, MARINE AND LIFE INSURANCE.
Capital Stock—\$200,000.
Office on Water Street, in Wister's Brick Row,
VINCENNES, IND.

THIS Company, having been duly organized and ten per cent. paid out in stock subscribed, is now in full operation, insuring life and personal property, and prepared to effect insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire, on Buildings, Merchandise, Machinery, Manufactures, and all descriptions of property; also, Merchandise and Produce in the course of inland transportation, the risks of the seas, &c., &c.; also, the risk of Steamboats, and other vessels, and upon the Lives of individuals going to California. The rates of premium will be low than those of any other insurance Company.

All Losses liberally adjusted and promptly paid. The stock of this Company is held entirely in the West, and controlled by western men, and no man is connected with New York men.

DIRECTORS:

Hon. R. N. Carman, Vincennes;
W. J. Hubard, do;
Jno. W. Maddox, do;
Jacob Pea, do;
Samuel Wise, do;
Peter P. Bailey, Fort Wayne;
W. M. Early, Terre Haute;
Henry D. Evansville;
Simon Buttoff, Jeffersonville;
William Hughes, do;
Levi Sparks, do;
James Kringen, do;

Hon. R. N. CARNAN, President.
Samuel Wise, Vice President.
C. M. Atches, Secretary.

W. J. HANSON, Treasurer.
Short Life and California risks taken at this agency extra rates.

PETER P. BAILEY,
agent at Fort Wayne.

Columbus Insurance Company,
OF COLUMBUS, OHIO.
Capital paid up \$300,000.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, Agent.

This Company, since its organization, has paid nearly \$200,000 of dividends to its stockholders. The losses have always been proportioned to the adjusted and paid up value of the business past year paid over \$2,500 for losses on policies issued by him. All losses are adjusted at the agency, so the risk is taken, and persons insured in the Company may have full confidence in its ability to pay, and of its liberal, prompt, and honorable dealing with the insured.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, Agent.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 27, 1850.

PROTECTION
Fire & Marine Insurance Company
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital Stock, \$300,000.

THE UNDERSTOOD, Agent of this old and well known Company is fully authorized to insure Buildings, Stores, Hotels, Warehouses, Mills, Manufacturers, Banks, and Household Furniture and Goods, Wares and Merchandise contained or stored therein, against

LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE!

Also, Dry Goods, Groceries, Manufactured Goods, Produce, Household Furniture, Livestock, and every description of Merchandise or Personal property shipped or to be shipped per road or steamboat, or barge, to or from points on the Western waters, or between Eastern cities (via Lakes or other inland routes) and any town in the Western country, against the hazards of INLAND TRANSPORTATION.

For terms of insurance,—also pamphlets containing further information apply to JOHN HOUGH, Jr., Agent Protection Insurance Company, Fort Wayne, Jan. 16, 1850.

PERILS OF THE SEAS.

For terms of insurance,—also pamphlets containing further information apply to JOHN HOUGH, Jr., Agent Protection Insurance Company, Fort Wayne, Jan. 16, 1850.

NOT IN THE COMBINATION.

THE CITY INSURANCE COMPANY OF CINCINNATI, one of the most substantial in the country, and operating on a capital and large scale, secured as that of any other continues to take risks against fire at the OLD RATES, as well as in the COMBINATION, which has so greatly raised the premium required by other companies.

Payment of all losses made within sixty days after the loss, has been increased and established, without any deduction whatever.

E. F. COLERICK, Agent.

Fort Wayne, Jan. 28, 1850.

CITY INSURANCE COMPANY OF CINCINNATI.

Will insure against Loss or Damage by FIRE, Houses, Buildings, Stores, Mills, Manufacturers, Warehouses and Contents, Vessels on land and their cargoes, Vessels building or repairing, Goods, Wares and Merchandise generally.

DIRECTORS:

E. B. REEDER, Wm. BURNETT,
GEORGE CARLISLE, J. C. THOMAS,
J. M. BLAIR, H. RAPER,
J. P. KILBRETH, E. S. HAINES,
H. L. HOFFMAN, E. B. REEDER, President.

SECRETARY.

* * * OFFICE.—No. 8 Front street, between Main and Sycamore, Cincinnati, Ohio, where you may be pleased to call.

The subscriber has appointed agents at various points for policy, pamphlet, information, &c., &c., at Room No. 1 Court House.

EDWARD F. COLERICK, Agent.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 9, 1850.

MARINE INSURANCE.

THE undersigned Agent of the City Insurance Company of Cincinnati, is now prepared to insure against loss or damage by the perils of Sea or INLAND NAVIGATION, Boats of all descriptions and their Cargoes, and on Goods, Wares and Merchandise generally.

The rates of premium in this combination have raised the rates of insurance.

EDWARD F. COLERICK, Agent.

Fort Wayne, April 12, 1850.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Vol. II.—No. 10.

FORT WAYNE, Indiana, Saturday, September 7, 1850.

Whole No. 906.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.

CHARLES CASE.

EDGERTON & CASE.
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
Land and Collection Agents,

FORT WAYNE, Ia.

WILL, practice in the State and Federal Courts, and give special attention to Land Agencies and the Securing and Collecting of Debts in any part of Indiana:

REFERENCES.

Grinnell, Minton & Co.,
Hobson, Dibble & Work,
John Steward, Jr. & Co.,
Tweedie, Moultrie & Plimpton,
Clark, Work & McLean,
Steuhan, Maynard & Co., Cincinnati,
Allen Hamilton, Hugh McCulloch,
Office of Colerick, opposite the Brick Church,
Fort Wayne, Ia.

New York.

BERCHER & WITHERS, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, and General Land and Tax Agents, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the practice of Law, and the Securing and Collecting of Debts in any part of Texas, & Indiana.

Office—Room No. 1, Court House, Nov. 17, 1850.

E. F. COLERICK [1849.] W. R. WITHERS [1850.]

REFERENCES.

William McDonald, Professors of Law,
Indiana University,
Samuel Hanna, Fort Wayne,
Thos. C. Clark, Fort Wayne,
Allen Hamilton, Samuel L. Rugg, Decatur.

* * * OFFICE—On Clinton Street, two doors north of the Bank.

G. L. SITES, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Fort Wayne, Indiana, will practice in the Courts of the State and Circuit, and will attend to the collection, Adjustment, & Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes, and examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

REFERENCES.

W. H. McDonald, Professors of Law,
Indiana University,
Samuel Hanna, Fort Wayne,
Thos. C. Clark, Allen Hamilton,

* * * OFFICE—On Clinton Street, two doors north of the Bank.

J. H. WALTERS, Attorney at Law, Fort Wayne, Indiana, in any business entrusted to his care. Office—Removed to room over T. K. Brackenridge's Store, corner Main and Calhoun Streets, Sept. 19, 1850.

JOHN G. WALPOLE, Attorney at Law, Fort Wayne, Indiana, in any business entrusted to his care. Office—Removed to room over T. K. Brackenridge's Store, corner Main and Calhoun Streets, Sept. 19, 1850.

L. P. RANDALL, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, on Master in Chancery, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Office—Clinton Street, two doors south of H. Culver's Brick Church.

JOHN G. WALPOLE, Attorney at Law, Fort Wayne, Indiana, in any business entrusted to his care. Office—Removed to room over T. K. Brackenridge's Store, corner Main and Calhoun Streets, Sept. 19, 1850.

R. BRAKENRIDGE, Jun., Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the collection, Adjustment, & Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes, and examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

REFERENCES.

Messrs. W. H. McDonald, Fort Wayne,
A. Lampert, Dr. W. H. Case, Jonathan C. Case,
Hobson, Dibble & Work, Allen Harper, John C. Case,
Alfred Sharpe, John C. Case, Wm. C. Case,
W. H. Case, Alex. Keeler, Jas. Johnson, Wm. C. Case,
John C. Case, Jonathan C. Case, Jonathan C. Case.

Office—Over W. H. Case's Drug Store, on Calhoun Street.

M. JONES, Attorney at Law, &c., Dr. Laws & German Advocate

M. J. KENNEDY, Attorney at Law, &c.

M. J. KENNED

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1850.

Mr. V. B. PALMER, Tribune Buildings, New York; Third and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia; and Scollay's Building, Boston, is Sole Agent for the Sentinel in those cities; and is alone authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, &c. on our account.

CONGRESS.—The bill granting bounty lands to the soldiers of the war of 1812 is in a fair way of becoming a law. It has passed the House, and has passed through a committee in the Senate; all the amendments have been disposed of, and the bill is ready for the final vote. It is expected it will pass. An amendment proposing to give script receivable in payment of lands, in place of bounty land warrants, was rejected.

In the House, the Texas boundary bill is still undisposed of; it meets strong opposition from both the abolitionists and southern fanatics—both extremes appear to act in concert to defeat any settlement of the slavery question which by ending the present excitement, would put a period to their incendiary attempts to disturb the harmony of the Union. An attempt to couple this bill with the bill for establishing territorial governments in Utah and New Mexico, and thus make another little Omnibus Bill of it, was voted down. An unsuccessful attempt was made by Mr. Root of Ohio to attach the Wilmett Provision.

The bill for extending the patent to Jethro Wood for his cast-iron plough has been laid on the table by a vote of 95 to 70—where we hope it may be allowed to remain. Mr. Wood has been sufficiently remunerated for his invention, and to extend his patent would be in effect to tax the farmers for another long series of years, by compelling them to pay an extra price for every plough of that pattern they might use.

MISSOURI.—It seems, after all, that the whigs crowded a little to loudly over their victory in Missouri, and have not made quite a clean sweep as they claimed. Instead of electing all the five members of Congress, they have only elected three, and instead of being able to elect an U. S. Senator, they are in a minority of 23 in the Legislature. If the democrats in the Legislature do their duty a Senator must be elected. The delegation in the next Congress will stand—

First District—P. Darby, whig;

Second District—Garrison Porter, whig;

Third District—John Miller, whig;

Fourth District—John Miller, anti-Benton;

Fifth District—John S. Phelps, Benton.

The Senate will stand 12 whigs, 13 Bentons, 4 anti-Bentons. The House 61 whigs, 41 Bentons, 34 anti-Bentons.

The democratic majority on joint ballot is 23, and notwithstanding the unfortunate split between the friends and opponents of Mr. Benton, we cannot believe that either division of the democratic party will prove so retractive to their principles as to allow a whig to be elected. We think Mr. Benton will be reduced; if he cannot, it will be the duty of his friends to unite with his democratic opponents on some other candidate. In no event should this personal quarrel be allowed to give a Whig Senator to the democratic state of Missouri.

Officers of the State Convention.—We see in our exchanges the names of several distinguished gentlemen mentioned, as suitable persons to fill the station of President of the State Convention; among others, our fellow citizen Judge Borden, is warmly recommended. The Judge would make an able and dignified presiding officer, and as he has been elected to the Convention by an overwhelming majority to represent a decided democratic district, his abundant energies may crown the labors of Messrs. E. & B.

THE STATE SENTINEL.—The publishers of the State Sentinel offer their weekly paper in clubs of 10 for \$1 per annum, and one copy gratis to the person getting up the club. I will give full reports of the proceedings of the Convention and Legislature. Those wishing to read the proceedings of these bodies at length, or who feel desirous of taking an Indianapolis paper will find this a favorable opportunity.

We will endeavor to find room for the pressus in our next.

NEW FIRE ENGINE.—The old engine of Protection Co. No. 1 has been entirely rebuilt and rebuilt the whole of the old works being taken out, and new ones of an improved and superior character substituted. The engine is now fully equal to a new one, and the hands of its present efficient company will do good service, if unfortunately it should ever be called in requisition.

We think the north has, at least, an equal right to ask the President, and should the majority of the votes be cast for any man in this section of the state, we are certain no selection would be more satisfactory to the northern democracy."

We also understand that Geo. L. Sites, Esq. of Fort Wayne, is a candidate for Secretary, he being a good Democrat, and will be very affable, and of gentlemanly deportment, and every way well qualified. We hope he may be elected.

NEXT PRESIDENT.—Some of the New Hampshire papers are already taking ground in favor of Hon. Levi Woodbury as the next democratic candidate for President. Mr. Benton may be selected by several western papers as their first choice.

It is rumored that a project is on foot to establish another democratic paper at Washington, to be conducted by Mr. Blair, former editor of the *Globe*. Mr. Ritchie, editor of the *Union*, has become so sectional in his views, so exclusively southern in his feelings, that he is calculated to weaken the democratic party at the North, without rendering it any corresponding benefit at the South. Another paper, taking more enlarged and national views would doubtless be more efficient in marshalling and organizing the democratic party than the Union could.

The notorious Silas Doty has been arrested and committed to our county jail charged with stealing a large quantity of furs from the warehouse of Mr. Prince in this place, a few weeks ago.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—The Rev. George C. WORVEL will address the United Brethren in Christ, of Fort Wayne and vicinity, at the Court House, THIS EVENING, and at 11 o'clock Sunday morning.

Protection Fire Company No. 1.

"Protection," salut No. 1.
When bold and trumpet call each son
Of daring forth, hit her broad shield—
The bugle to resound, last to your men
Get on board, and charge No. 11.
Clear the track and let her run."

There will be a meeting of the Company held at the Engine House THIS EVENING, at 5 o'clock. A full attendance is desired, and every member will be expected to appear in full uniform. H. W. JONES, Sec.

The appointment of Mr. Ewbank, as Commissioner of Patents, has been confirmed by the Senate.

Mr. McKeon has positively retired from the cabinet. In his letter of declination he says that his peculiar temperament, which too readily responds to causes of exasperation and depression, connection with considerations of a private and domestic nature, have brought him to the conclusion that a due regard to the interests of his family and himself required his withdrawal.

Hon. Chas. H. Jenkins of Georgia has been offered the vacant Secretarieship of the Interior. It is also rumored that Mr. Bayard of the Franklin Circuit Court, for being engaged in a riot, the Brookville American, in reference to the case, says:

"The whole affair has created some sensation, from the respectability of the parties, the severity of the fine on Mr. Conwell, and, more than all, from the peculiar relations between him and the prosecuting witness. It seems from what we could gather of the testimony that Conwell has the remainder of an estate which his former father in-law, Thomas White makes it a point never to publish a line intended to show the prosperity of any branch of the American industry; but with hypocritical tears in his eyes, he constantly cries aloud—'Rain—Rain—Rain!'"—*Pittsburgh Post.*

Utility of Plank Roads.—Mr. Appleman of Brush Prairie sent 100 bushels and 31 lbs of wheat to the City Mills in this place at one load.

This immense load was drawn with ease and ex-

peditio by four horses, on the plank road from Brown's to this place. It required two trips to convey the load to Brown's, and on reaching the plank road the two loads were united and brought in as above stated. Consideration on this is unnecessary. Farmers may calculate for themselves the actual value of plank roads to them from this simple fact.

The Hove de Grace Bank Swindle.—This bank exploded another proof of the way in which the western farmers are swindled by rotten banks. It appears that some scoundrels went through several counties in Northern Ohio, and circulated a Bank Note Reporter, in which the notes of this rotten institution were quoted at par in New York; immediately after another gang of the swindlers went through the same district and purchased all the cattle, produce, &c. they could lay their hands on, of whom the twenty-five Constables were stationed within the yard, and

seven constables in the centre of the yard.

The scalded was in the centre of the yard turned outside to the outside that it would have stood at any other spot. The scalded was changed from the outer to the inner corner of the centre of the yard, but it did not diminish the view from the rear of the buildings on Lower street, one added much to the view from Lower street. The officers present at the execution were High Sheriff E. Evelyn, Deputy Sheriff Watson Freeman, Daniel J. Colgate, Jabez Pratt, Erastus Ragg, Benj. F. Bailey and Joseph Coburn. The witnesses invited by the High Sheriff and by the state authority numbered 15, and were admitted at 10 minutes before 9. The High Sheriff then called the names of the witnesses to the execution. He stated they had assembled, by his invitation, as lawful witnesses of the execution of John W. Putnam, and he requested them to keep order.

A company was then formed in a column of two and two, and visited the prisoner's cell, where the Rev. Dr. Putnam offered up prayer. The hand before the cell was full, but still firm and solemnity prevailed. The witnesses remained, and at 20 minutes before 10 o'clock, High Sheriff Evelyn, attended by Dr. Juries, Colman, Fricke, Rauh, and others, conducted the act of laying throw up, the gun snapped at this moment Shum having also seized the gun was struck twice by Flueghol, and once by young Slouey. The other gentlemen present were mere spectators, and were acquitted, while those convicted have been hanged by the jury with some severity. A motion was made for a new trial, and pressed on the ground that Shum had been contradicted in several material points by his father in law and brother in law, and that without his testimony no riot could be made out; and farther that with the evidence of those who were found to be not guilty a new face would be put on the whole matter. The court, conceiving that the credibility of witness is peculiarly within the province of a jury, denied the motion. It is true that the evidence against Mr. Conwell was then performed a dignitely, penitently, and with hardly a struggle. The criminal dropped between seven and eight feet, probably breaking his neck completely off. During one or two minutes after he fell, there was a very perceptible shrugging of the shoulders, occasioned by the sudden contraction of the muscles. His feet were drawn up between seven and eight inches. With these exceptions, there was no other observable struggling.

After remaining suspended just half an hour, Drs. Henry G. Clark and Charles Stedman examined the body, and informing the Sheriff that life was extinct, the officer so declared it to the legal witnesses and spectators, and at the same time thanked the witnesses in the name of the Commonwealth, for attending and aiding the officers of the law in the painful duty which had just been performed.

A clean black coffin was then brought out, and placed on the scalded and the body lowered into it. The scalded was then unloosed, and taken from his neck, and the cover put on the coffin. It was then removed from an apartment connected with the jail, where it will remain until this evening, when under charge of a sexton of Cambridge, it will be taken to the residence of his family and from thence to Mount Auburn, where it will be deposited in the family tomb.

From an early hour up to the time the execution was ended, people continued gathering in the streets adjacent to the jail, and upon the roofs of houses in the vicinity from many of which places it was impossible to obtain even a glimpse of any part of the gallows.

At many of the windows, several females were seen, some of whom stood with a burning torch pointing down upon them for more than two hours.

The criminal will be communicated to the family of Mrs. Webster, sister of Mrs. Webster.

We are informed by good authority, that no document purporting to be a "further confession" was left by Webster, but that he did leave several letters to different persons, the contents of which are not known.

THE Erie Railroad.—The Erie Railroad is progressing with rapidity that its completion to Dunkirk is confidently anticipated as early as June next.

GO, SOUTH!—The New Orleans Courier, the leading democratic paper of Louisiana, throws quite a dampner upon the disunion fires of some of the Southern politicians. It says:

"Certain politicians are fond of speaking in a full voice of the enthusiasm of the South for the cause of disunion and dismemberment. We should like to have some to tell us what they mean by the 'South.' It would be well to define the boundaries of the South, so they understand the word. When they talk of the spread of their principles, the South, we trust, they keep Louisiana out of view. Should they think proper to come this way, or to send their emissaries to preach their traitorous doctrines, we would advise them, in the most friendly spirit, to bring safety jackets or cork wings along, with which, forsooth, they would be able to fly well enough for themselves if a fire should occur."

The Recital of Lord Elgin.—On this subject the Montreal Courier remarks:—"The John Bull, a London paper, received by the last mail, distinctly states that Lord Elgin is recalled, and is to be succeeded by Lord Harris.

The Herald states that a private letter from an official personage in London, connected with the house of Lords, has reached Mont-

real, in which the report is repeated."

The news of the engraving of Pearce's Senate bill with the President's Message respecting Gov. Bell's Letter was received on the 17th, and produced great dissatisfaction.

The papers say the Message will arouse feelings of indignation throughout the State.

"The Union of the States—it MUST and SHALL be preserved!"

The Hon. James W. Borden, is mentioned in the last Jeffersonian as a suitable person to be supported as Senator of the United States. As we have never mentioned that gentleman's name in connection with the office, it is right that his friends should know that his claims have been brought forward by his old democratic friends in Wayne county.

The large majority received by Mr. Borden in the senatorial district that returned him as a delegate to the Convention over a distinguished wig, shows the estimation in which he is held in Northern Indiana.—*State Sentinel.*

The Last Minutes and Execution of Private Wheeler.

BOSTON, Aug. 31.

Professor Webster, after his family left him last night, who is considered as a safe person to be supported as Senator of the United States, as we have never mentioned that gentleman's name in connection with the office, it is right that his friends should know that his claims have been brought forward by his old democratic friends in Wayne county.

The large majority received by Mr. Borden in the senatorial district that returned him as a delegate to the Convention over a distinguished wig, shows the estimation in which he is held in Northern Indiana.—*State Sentinel.*

Another Bank Explosion.—We learn that the Farmers' Joint Stock Co. of Toronto, has exploded, and that its money has been paid out there freely for wheat.—*Toledo Republican.*

The Washington Iron Works.—The Washington Iron Works, conducted by Messrs. Cooper & Harris, of this city, have been enlarged by the addition of four puddling furnaces, and a number of rolls.—*Wheeling Argus.*

While the unscrupulous Galpinite who controls the unprincipled Pittsburgh Gazette, with melancholy visage, is whining about the "awful ruin" produced by the Democratic Tariff of 1846, we find new Iron and Cotton mills springing up in every part of the country, on additions being made to the buildings and machinery of the old establishments. Deacon White makes it a point never to publish a line intended to show the prosperity of any branch of the American industry; but with hypocritical tears in his eyes, he constantly cries aloud—'Rain—Rain—Rain!'"—*Pittsburgh Post.*

Protection Fire Company No. 1.

"Protection," salut No. 1.

When bold and trumpet call each son

Of daring forth, hit her broad shield—

The bugle to resound, last to your men

Get on board, and charge No. 11.

Clear the track and let her run!"

There will be a meeting of the Company held at the Engine House THIS EVENING, at 5 o'clock.

A full attendance is desired, and every member will be expected to appear in full uniform.

H. W. JONES, Sec.

The Washington Iron Works.—The Washington Iron Works, conducted by Messrs. Cooper & Harris, of this city, have been enlarged by the addition of four puddling furnaces, and a number of rolls.—*Wheeling Argus.*

While the unscrupulous Galpinite who controls the unprincipled Pittsburgh Gazette, with melancholy visage, is whining about the "awful ruin" produced by the Democratic Tariff of 1846, we find new Iron and Cotton mills springing up in every part of the country, on additions being made to the buildings and machinery of the old establishments. Deacon White makes it a point never to publish a line intended to show the prosperity of any branch of the American industry; but with hypocritical tears in his eyes, he constantly cries aloud—'Rain—Rain—Rain!'"—*Pittsburgh Post.*

Protection Fire Company No. 1.

"Protection," salut No. 1.

When bold and trumpet call each son

Of daring forth, hit her broad shield—

The bugle to resound, last to your men

Get on board, and charge No. 11.

Clear the track and let her run!"

There will be a meeting of the Company held at the Engine House THIS EVENING, at 5 o'clock.

A full attendance is desired, and every member will be expected to appear in full uniform.

H. W. JONES, Sec.

The Washington Iron Works.—The Washington Iron Works, conducted by Messrs. Cooper & Harris, of this city, have been enlarged by the addition of four puddling furnaces, and a number of rolls.—*Wheeling Argus.*

While the unscrupulous Galpinite who controls the unprincipled Pittsburgh Gazette, with melancholy visage, is whining about the "awful ruin" produced by the Democratic Tariff of 1846, we find new Iron and Cotton mills springing up in every part of the country, on additions being made to the buildings and machinery of the old establishments. Deacon White makes it a point never to publish a line intended to show the prosperity of any branch of the American industry; but with hypocritical tears in his eyes, he constantly cries aloud—'Rain—Rain—Rain!'"—*Pittsburgh Post.*

Protection Fire Company No. 1.

"Protection," salut No. 1.

When bold and trumpet call each son

Of daring forth, hit her broad shield—

The bugle to resound, last to your men

Get on board, and charge No. 11.

Clear the track and let her run!"

There will be a meeting of the Company held at the Engine House THIS EVENING, at 5 o'clock.

A full attendance is desired, and every member will be expected to appear in full uniform.

H. W. JONES, Sec.

There's a good time coming.

We are now receiving a large full stock

FALL AND WINTER GOODS;

a few are already on our shelves, and the remainder will be in the course of the week. Call at the Farmers' Dept., and you will get BACKGAINS.

ORFF & SCHWEIGMAN.

New Stock of Fall Goods

AT THE CHEAP CASH STORE.

BMASON has just received a general assort-

ment of new

Fall and Winter Goods,

to which he respectfully invites the attention of the ladies and gentlemen of Fort Wayne and the surrounding country. It is needless to partici-

pate—it may be sufficient to say the assortments

are GENERAL, and selected with a peculiar view

to accommodate the taste of every w

of all classes

in this regard. It includes

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

of all varieties and the newest styles—such as

Merino, Alpacas, Cashmere, Calicos, &c. &c.

Also, Ribbons, Trimmings, Fancy Articles of

every description, Shirts, Shirts, Flannels, Buttons,

Linen, &c.

Broodclothes, Sattlery, Jeans, Tweeds, &

Also, Shoes and Boots, Hats and Caps, Ladies

and Children's Garters, etc., Lace Boots, &c.

Together with a full supply of

Groceries Hardware, Queenware,

Nails, Glass, &c.

Persons wishing to purchase are desired to call on us, we will find everything they want, and can purchase at the very lowest prices. I am de-

tained to maintain the reputation of my

establishment, as

"THE HEAD STORE."

and will not be undersold by any store in the

West. Buyers will therefore study their own

treasury of money.

Fort Wayne, Aug. 13, 1850.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF FALL GOODS

MRS. BYKES has just received a general

assortment of Fall Goods, of the newest

styles, including beautiful English and American

Calicos, French Gingham, Plain Quilts, &c.

And a general variety of articles suitable

for the autumn season. Further arrivals will

be regularly received until the close of navigation.

Aug. 17, 1850.

BOOKS! BOOKS!

CLAST RECEIVED, and ready at C. L.

HILL'S Book Store, Calumet street:

Splendid Illustrated Park—Life of Christ the Apostle Paul—Virginia Viceroy of Washington—

Colton's Tamer's Powerful Philosophy—

Headly's Park Book—Moral Works—Pope's Divine Comedy—Shakspeare's Sonnets—

Copper, Mrs. Hemans, Howitt, Cook, and Longfellow—Life and Pictures of Shakespeare—

Historical, Political, and Ecclesiastical—

Border Wars in New York—Blue's Ancient History—

Rolins's History of England—

Macaulay's History of England, Vol. I and 2—

Port's History of France—

School Histories—Hale's Catechism—

Dick's Readers—

Wit's Almanac—

Life and Times of Clay—

Life and Times of Webster—

Signs of the Times—

Condition of Independence—

Headley's Indian and His Generals—

Monk's Life—

Southey's Life of Gen. Jackson—

Life of General Jackson—Green—Putnam—

Life of General Jackson—

What I saw in Europe—

Sketches of the Red Sea and Jordan—

Sketches of the Mediterranean—

Sketches of the Atlantic—

Sketches of the Pacific—

Sketches of the Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Seas—

Sketches of the Arctic—

Sketches of the Antarctic—

Sketches of the Southern Ocean—

Sketches of the Northern Ocean—

Sketches of the Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Pacific—

Sketches of the North Pacific—

Sketches of the South Atlantic—

Sketches of the North Atlantic—

Sketches of the Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the North Indian Ocean—

Sketches of the South Indian Ocean—

PERFUMERY, &c.
The public, and especially the Ladies, are invited to examine my stock of
Perfumery, Soaps, Extracts, &c.
which have been received during the present week. The variety comprises all the best and most durable preparations, and will be found in full sale by
JAMES B. SHOFFA,
under Odd Fellow's Hall.
D. 15

CIGARS! CIGARS!
500 IMPORTED Cigars, warranted the best brands that can be had, and at cheap rates; you can buy them at our stand in Fair. For sale by
H. B. REED.

VALUABLE Mill Property for Sale.

This undersigned offers for sale his Mill Property situated on the Elkhart River, in Noble County, Indiana, 40 miles north west from Fort Wayne, and the Wabash and Erie Canal. The property is now improved with a Saw Mill, Mill, and Head Gates for GRIST and other purposes. The Dam is one of the best in the country, and has been built only two years, so that it is without doubt the strongest, and can easily hold back any flood, and caused more or less damage to no other dam on the river. The supply of water is plentiful, and sufficient with the head of 74 feet of driving 4 run of 45 feet stones. Saw Mill at Woollen Mill at all times, and during most of the year almost any amount of material could be propelled.

The Saw Mill has recently been put in first rate order, and is considered one of the best in the world. Logs in any quantity of the best kind, such as Poplar, Black Locust, Ash, Oak, and Chestnut, can be obtained.

The property is situated in the midst of a thickly settled country, where mills are much needed and water power scarce, thereby insuring to the owner a monopoly of the milling business of the country, it will be managed.

In connection with the mill and water power, will be sold.

150 ACRES OF LAND

on which the mill is situated, together with the buildings used for the erection of a Flouring Mill. For particulars apply to the editor of Fort Wayne Sentinel.

For particular apply, if letter post paid, to T. F. Johnson, Editor of Fort Wayne Sentinel, 17 Wayne, La., August 18, 1849.

17 Staderman (Weekly) put cash 3 month and send account to this office.

For Sale.

COMMODIOUS BRICK STORE AND WAREHOUSE, eligibly situate on Columbia street, and the same known as the Ningora Store, and occupied by A. B. MILLER. For terms, inquire on the premises or at the Sentinel office.

August 4, 1849.

Undertaking.

I THE undersigned are now prepared to attend on Funeral occasions as they keep READY MADE COFFINS of all sizes and different qualities viz. Mahogany, Walnut, and Cherry, flat and raised lids, also, covered wth Black Cloth & Silk. Velvet if desired, and at prices far below the same prompt and lower than the usual. Strict attention will be paid to Funeral Hours, causing no delay.

A Heart and girt Carriage furnished, free of charge.

Room on Culhoun st, near the Spencer House.

JOHN M. MILLER,
LOUIS PELTIER,

Fort Wayne, June 1, 1849.

SCROFULA
Thousands of Cases of Scrofula, Cancer, Syphilis, and other impure diseases of the Blood—and if the very SMALL QUANTITY which was used of a Medicine to effect Cures of these diseases, is not sufficient to induce you to make your purchase, the price is now reduced to \$1.00 per bottle.

—
"Cash Paid for CASTOR BEANS & FLAX SEEDS

January 19, 1850.

39.

DRUGS and Medicines.

This undersigned is constantly receiving new Drugs and Medicines, which he offers at the usual low prices.

His Stock consists in part of Quinine Calomel, Pipering Elixer, Logwood Keween Salt, Jujube Paste Ext. Logwood Druggist aware ink (superior) Matches, &c.

JAMES B. SHOFFA,
Culhoun street, at the Big "Drug Sign."

NEW STOCK OF

Genuine Wines and Liquors

AT THE

WHOLESALE LIQUOR STORE.

S. REED returns his thanks to the public for their liberal patronage, and respectfully informs them that he has just received a heavy stock of

Genuine Wines and Liquors

which he considers highly recommended, as far as quality and price are concerned.

It then, One bottle of BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT will cure FOUR TIMES more disease than one bottle of seropurifier.

It is sold for only ONE DOLLAR a bottle; and as each bottle is its own medicine, and is equal to four bottles of any other medicine that has ever been offered for sale. There is undoubtedly proof in our pamphlet, that by the use of this extract, *any disease can be cured*, and *any person can be made well again*. It is now called the *WALKER*—they that were sick, SCROFULOUS, and otherwise diseased, have BEEN HEALED and CURED.

The property is situated in the midst of a thickly settled country, where mills are much needed and tested all the lumbermen are either compelled to recommend to cure blood diseases, have decided that

Brant's is the Cheapest.

because One bottle of it has more medicinal, curative virtue in it, and less expensive, cures more disease in much less time, than any other medicine.

It then, One bottle of BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT will cure FOUR TIMES more disease than one bottle of seropurifier.

It is sold for only ONE DOLLAR a bottle; and as each bottle is its own medicine, and is equal to four bottles of any other medicine that has ever been offered for sale. There is undoubtedly proof in our pamphlet, that by the use of this extract, *any disease can be cured*, and *any person can be made well again*. It is now called the *WALKER*—they that were sick, SCROFULOUS, and otherwise diseased, have BEEN HEALED and CURED.

The property is situated in the midst of a thickly settled country, where mills are much needed and tested all the lumbermen are either compelled to recommend to cure blood diseases, have decided that

Brant's is the Cheapest.

because One bottle of it has more medicinal, curative virtue in it, and less expensive, cures more disease in much less time, than any other medicine.

It then, One bottle of BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT will cure FOUR TIMES more disease than one bottle of seropurifier.

It is sold for only ONE DOLLAR a bottle; and as each bottle is its own medicine, and is equal to four bottles of any other medicine that has ever been offered for sale. There is undoubtedly proof in our pamphlet, that by the use of this extract, *any disease can be cured*, and *any person can be made well again*. It is now called the *WALKER*—they that were sick, SCROFULOUS, and otherwise diseased, have BEEN HEALED and CURED.

The property is situated in the midst of a thickly settled country, where mills are much needed and tested all the lumbermen are either compelled to recommend to cure blood diseases, have decided that

Brant's is the Cheapest.

because One bottle of it has more medicinal, curative virtue in it, and less expensive, cures more disease in much less time, than any other medicine.

It then, One bottle of BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT will cure FOUR TIMES more disease than one bottle of seropurifier.

It is sold for only ONE DOLLAR a bottle; and as each bottle is its own medicine, and is equal to four bottles of any other medicine that has ever been offered for sale. There is undoubtedly proof in our pamphlet, that by the use of this extract, *any disease can be cured*, and *any person can be made well again*. It is now called the *WALKER*—they that were sick, SCROFULOUS, and otherwise diseased, have BEEN HEALED and CURED.

The property is situated in the midst of a thickly settled country, where mills are much needed and tested all the lumbermen are either compelled to recommend to cure blood diseases, have decided that

Brant's is the Cheapest.

because One bottle of it has more medicinal, curative virtue in it, and less expensive, cures more disease in much less time, than any other medicine.

It then, One bottle of BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT will cure FOUR TIMES more disease than one bottle of seropurifier.

It is sold for only ONE DOLLAR a bottle; and as each bottle is its own medicine, and is equal to four bottles of any other medicine that has ever been offered for sale. There is undoubtedly proof in our pamphlet, that by the use of this extract, *any disease can be cured*, and *any person can be made well again*. It is now called the *WALKER*—they that were sick, SCROFULOUS, and otherwise diseased, have BEEN HEALED and CURED.

The property is situated in the midst of a thickly settled country, where mills are much needed and tested all the lumbermen are either compelled to recommend to cure blood diseases, have decided that

Brant's is the Cheapest.

because One bottle of it has more medicinal, curative virtue in it, and less expensive, cures more disease in much less time, than any other medicine.

It then, One bottle of BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT will cure FOUR TIMES more disease than one bottle of seropurifier.

It is sold for only ONE DOLLAR a bottle; and as each bottle is its own medicine, and is equal to four bottles of any other medicine that has ever been offered for sale. There is undoubtedly proof in our pamphlet, that by the use of this extract, *any disease can be cured*, and *any person can be made well again*. It is now called the *WALKER*—they that were sick, SCROFULOUS, and otherwise diseased, have BEEN HEALED and CURED.

The property is situated in the midst of a thickly settled country, where mills are much needed and tested all the lumbermen are either compelled to recommend to cure blood diseases, have decided that

Brant's is the Cheapest.

because One bottle of it has more medicinal, curative virtue in it, and less expensive, cures more disease in much less time, than any other medicine.

It then, One bottle of BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT will cure FOUR TIMES more disease than one bottle of seropurifier.

It is sold for only ONE DOLLAR a bottle; and as each bottle is its own medicine, and is equal to four bottles of any other medicine that has ever been offered for sale. There is undoubtedly proof in our pamphlet, that by the use of this extract, *any disease can be cured*, and *any person can be made well again*. It is now called the *WALKER*—they that were sick, SCROFULOUS, and otherwise diseased, have BEEN HEALED and CURED.

The property is situated in the midst of a thickly settled country, where mills are much needed and tested all the lumbermen are either compelled to recommend to cure blood diseases, have decided that

Brant's is the Cheapest.

because One bottle of it has more medicinal, curative virtue in it, and less expensive, cures more disease in much less time, than any other medicine.

It then, One bottle of BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT will cure FOUR TIMES more disease than one bottle of seropurifier.

It is sold for only ONE DOLLAR a bottle; and as each bottle is its own medicine, and is equal to four bottles of any other medicine that has ever been offered for sale. There is undoubtedly proof in our pamphlet, that by the use of this extract, *any disease can be cured*, and *any person can be made well again*. It is now called the *WALKER*—they that were sick, SCROFULOUS, and otherwise diseased, have BEEN HEALED and CURED.

The property is situated in the midst of a thickly settled country, where mills are much needed and tested all the lumbermen are either compelled to recommend to cure blood diseases, have decided that

Brant's is the Cheapest.

because One bottle of it has more medicinal, curative virtue in it, and less expensive, cures more disease in much less time, than any other medicine.

It then, One bottle of BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT will cure FOUR TIMES more disease than one bottle of seropurifier.

It is sold for only ONE DOLLAR a bottle; and as each bottle is its own medicine, and is equal to four bottles of any other medicine that has ever been offered for sale. There is undoubtedly proof in our pamphlet, that by the use of this extract, *any disease can be cured*, and *any person can be made well again*. It is now called the *WALKER*—they that were sick, SCROFULOUS, and otherwise diseased, have BEEN HEALED and CURED.

The property is situated in the midst of a thickly settled country, where mills are much needed and tested all the lumbermen are either compelled to recommend to cure blood diseases, have decided that

Brant's is the Cheapest.

because One bottle of it has more medicinal, curative virtue in it, and less expensive, cures more disease in much less time, than any other medicine.

It then, One bottle of BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT will cure FOUR TIMES more disease than one bottle of seropurifier.

It is sold for only ONE DOLLAR a bottle; and as each bottle is its own medicine, and is equal to four bottles of any other medicine that has ever been offered for sale. There is undoubtedly proof in our pamphlet, that by the use of this extract, *any disease can be cured*, and *any person can be made well again*. It is now called the *WALKER*—they that were sick, SCROFULOUS, and otherwise diseased, have BEEN HEALED and CURED.

The property is situated in the midst of a thickly settled country, where mills are much needed and tested all the lumbermen are either compelled to recommend to cure blood diseases, have decided that

Brant's is the Cheapest.

because One bottle of it has more medicinal, curative virtue in it, and less expensive, cures more disease in much less time, than any other medicine.

It then, One bottle of BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT will cure FOUR TIMES more disease than one bottle of seropurifier.

It is sold for only ONE DOLLAR a bottle; and as each bottle is its own medicine, and is equal to four bottles of any other medicine that has ever been offered for sale. There is undoubtedly proof in our pamphlet, that by the use of this extract, *any disease can be cured*, and *any person can be made well again*. It is now called the *WALKER*—they that were sick, SCROFULOUS, and otherwise diseased, have BEEN HEALED and CURED.

The property is situated in the midst of a thickly settled country, where mills are much needed and tested all the lumbermen are either compelled to recommend to cure blood diseases, have decided that

Brant's is the Cheapest.

because One bottle of it has more medicinal, curative virtue in it, and less expensive, cures more disease in much less time, than any other medicine.

It then, One bottle of BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT will cure FOUR TIMES more disease than one bottle of seropurifier.

It is sold for only ONE DOLLAR a bottle; and as each bottle is its own medicine, and is equal to four bottles of any other medicine that has ever been offered for sale. There is undoubtedly proof in our pamphlet, that by the use of this extract, *any disease can be cured*, and *any person can be made well again*. It is now called the *WALKER*—they that were sick, SCROFULOUS, and otherwise diseased, have BEEN HEALED and CURED.

The property is situated in the midst of a thickly settled country, where mills are much needed and tested all the lumbermen are either compelled to recommend to cure blood diseases, have decided that

Brant's is the Cheapest.

because One bottle of it has more medicinal, curative virtue in it, and less expensive, cures more disease in much less time, than any other medicine.

It then, One bottle of BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT will cure FOUR TIMES more disease than one bottle of seropurifier.

It is sold for only ONE DOLLAR a bottle; and as each bottle is its own medicine, and is equal to four bottles of any other medicine that has ever been offered for sale. There is undoubtedly proof in our pamphlet, that by the use of this extract, *any disease can be cured*, and *any person can be made well again*. It is now called the *WALKER*—they that were sick, SCROFULOUS, and otherwise diseased, have BEEN HEALED and CURED.

The property is situated in the midst of a thickly settled country, where mills are much needed and tested all the lumbermen are either compelled to recommend to cure blood diseases, have decided that

Brant's is the Cheapest.

because One bottle of it has more medicinal, curative virtue in it, and less expensive, cures more disease in much less time, than any other medicine.

It then, One bottle of BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT will cure FOUR TIMES more disease than one bottle of seropurifier.

It is sold for only ONE DOLLAR a bottle; and as each bottle is its own medicine, and is equal to four bottles of any other medicine that has ever been offered for sale. There is undoubtedly proof in our pamphlet, that by the use of this extract, *any disease can be cured*, and *any person can be made well again*. It is now called the *WALKER*—they that were sick, SCROFULOUS, and otherwise diseased, have BEEN HEALED and CURED.

The property is situated in the midst of a thickly settled country, where mills are much needed and tested all the lumbermen are either compelled to recommend to cure blood diseases, have decided that

Brant's is the Cheapest.

because One bottle of it has

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1850.

Mr. V. B. PALMER, Tribune Building, New York; Third and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia; and Scollay's Building, Boston, is Sole Agent for the Sentinel in those cities; and also authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, &c., on our account.

Congress.—The bill granting bounty lands to the soldiers of the war of 1812 is in a fair way of becoming a law. It has passed the House, and has passed through a committee in the Senate; all the amendments have been disposed of, and the bill is ready for the final vote. It is expected it will pass. An amendment proposing to give scrip receivable in payment of lands, in place of bounty land warrants, was rejected.

In the House, the Texas boundary bill is still undisposed of; it meets strong opposition from both the abolitionists and southern friends; both extremes appear to act in concert to defeat any settlement of the slavery question, which by leading the present excursion, would put a period to their infernal attempts to disrupt the harmony of the Union. An attempt to couple this bill with the bills for establishing territorial governments in Utah and New Mexico, and thus make another Little Osbourne Bill of it, was voted down. An unsuccessful attempt was made by Mr. Root of Ohio to attach the Wilcox Proviso.

The bill for extending the patent to Judith Wood for her cotton plough has been laid on the table by a vote of 75 to 70, where we hope it may be allowed to remain. Mr. Wood has been sufficiently remunerated for his invention, and to extend his patent would be in effect to tax the farmers for another long series of years, by compelling them to pay an extra price for every plough of that pattern they might use.

Missouri.—It seems, after all, that the whigs crowded a little to loudly over their victory in Missouri, and have not made quite a clean sweep as they claimed. Instead of electing all the live members of Congress, they have only elected three; and instead of being circulated a Little Note Reporter, in which the votes of this rotten institution are quoted as paring in New York immediately after another democratic Senator must be elected. The delegation in the next Congress will stand—

First District—P. Darby, whig;

Second District—Garrison Porter, whig;

Third District—John Miller, whig;

Fourth District—John Miller, anti-Benton;

Fifth District—John S. Phelps, Benton;

The Sen's will stand 12 whigs, 13 Bentonites, 8 anti-Bentons.

The democratic majority on joint ballot is 23, and notwithstanding the unfortunate split between the friends and opponents of Mr. Benton, we cannot believe that either division of the democratic party will prove so recent in their principles as to allow a whig to be elected. We think Mr. Denison will be re-elected; if he cannot, it will be the duty of his friends to unite with his democratic opponents on some other candidate. In no event should this personal quarrel be allowed to give a Whig Senator to the democratic state of Missouri.

Officers of the State Convention.—We see in our exchanges the names of several distinguished gentlemen mentioned, as suitable persons to fill the station of President of the State Convention; among others, our fellow citizen Judge Borden, is warmly recommended. The Judge would make an able and dignified presiding officer, and as he has been elected to the Convention by an overwhelming majority, to represent a decided democratic district, his selection to that honorable station would be a fitting compliment to both himself and his democratic constituents.

Gordon L. Sibley, Esq., of this city, is a candidate for Secretary, a station for which he is well qualified. It may be too much to expect both the President and Secretary from this place; but in case Judge Borden is not elected President, we have strong hopes Mr. Sibley may be selected for secretary.

Both these gentlemen are already named for the respective offices by the Bluffton (Wells Co.) Banner, in the following flattering manner:

President of the Convention.—Who shall be President of the Convention to revise our State Constitution? This is a question of some importance. Several gentlemen have been named by their respective friends for this important station.

We would most respectfully suggest the name of the Hon. JAMES W. BORDEN, of Allen, as one of the best qualified men for that station in the state.

We think the north has, at least, an equal right to ask the President, and should the majority of the votes be cast for any man in this section of the state, we are certain no election would be more satisfactory to the northern democracy."

We also understand that Geo. L. Sibley, Esq. of Fort Wayne, is a candidate for Secretary, he being a good Democrat, and a very able and of gentlemanly deportment, and every way well qualified. We hope he may be elected.

NEXT PAPER.—Some of the New Hampshire papers are already taking ground in favor of Hon. Levi Woodbury as the next democratic candidate for President. Mr. Burton is named by several western papers as their first choice.

IT is rumored that a project is on foot to establish another democratic paper at Washington, to be conducted by Mr. Blair, former editor of the Globe. Mr. Birch, editor of the Union, has become so ardent in his views, so exclusively southern in his feelings, that he is calculated to weaken the democratic party on the North, without rendering it any corresponding benefit on the South. Another paper, taking more enlarged and national views, would doubtless be more efficient in marshalling and organizing the democratic party for the next Presidential contest than the Union could.

The interior St. Louis has been arrested and committed to our county jail charged with stealing a large quantity of furs from the warehouse of Mr. Price in this place, a few weeks ago.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.—The Rev. George C. WORVEL will address the United Brethren in Christ, of Fort Wayne and vicinity, at the Court House, THIS EVENING, and at 11 o'clock Sunday morning.

Protection First Company No. 1.

"Protective," 1st year, No. 1, Whole Bell and Trumpet, edited and published by Dr. James G. B. Bell, its second number. To be received, last year.

Overdue book and return.

There will be a meeting of the Company, held at the Engine House THIS EVENING, at 5 o'clock. A full attendance is desired, and every member will be expected to appear in full uniform.

H. W. JONES, Sec.

September 7, 1850.

The appointment of Mr. Erwinck, as Commissioner of Patents, has been confirmed by the Senate.

Mr. McKim has positively retired from the cabinet. In his letter of declination he says that his peculiar temperament, which readily responds to causes of excitement and depression, in connection with considerations of a private and domestic nature, have brought him to the conclusion that a due regard to the interests of his family and himself required his withdrawal.

Hon. Chas. H. Jenkins of Georgia has offered the vacant Secretarieship of the Interior. It is also rumored that Mr. Bayard of Delaware, and Joseph Marshall and Judge Cushing of this state, had been named in connection with the station.

City of Plank Roads.—Mr. Appleman of Bloody Prairie sent 150 bushels and 31 lbs. wheat to the City Mill in this place at one load.

This immense load was drawn with ease and expedition by four horses, on the plank road from Brown's to this place. It required two trips to convey the load to Brown's, and on reaching him the plank road the two loads were hauled and wrought in as above stated. Comment on this is unnecessary. Farmers may calculate for themselves the actual value of plank roads to them from this simple fact.

The Hotel de Grace Bank St. Louis.—This bank is another proof of the way in which the western bankers are swindled by rotted banks. It appears that some scoundrels went through several counties in Northern Ohio, and were able to elect an U. S. Senator, they are in a minority of 20 in the Legislature.

In Paris, New York immediately after another democratic Senator must be elected. The delegation in the next Congress will stand—

P. Darby, whig;

Garrison Porter, whig;

J. Miller, whig;

John Miller, anti-Benton;

John S. Phelps, Benton;

The Sen's will stand 12 whigs, 13 Bentonites, 8 anti-Bentons.

The democratic majority on joint ballot is 23, and notwithstanding the unfortunate split between the friends and opponents of Mr. Benton, we cannot believe that either division of the democratic party will prove so recent in their principles as to allow a whig to be elected. We think Mr. Denison will be re-elected; if he cannot, it will be the duty of his friends to unite with his democratic opponents on some other candidate. In no event should this personal quarrel be allowed to give a Whig Senator to the democratic state of Missouri.

Officers of the State Convention.—We see in our exchanges the names of several distinguished gentlemen mentioned, as suitable persons to fill the station of President of the State Convention; among others, our fellow citizen Judge Borden, is warmly recommended.

The Judge would make an able and dignified presiding officer, and as he has been elected to the Convention by an overwhelming majority, to represent a decided democratic district, his selection to that honorable station would be a fitting compliment to both himself and his democratic constituents.

Gordon L. Sibley, Esq., of this city, is a candidate for Secretary, a station for which he is well qualified. It may be too much to expect both the President and Secretary from this place; but in case Judge Borden is not elected President, we have strong hopes Mr. Sibley may be selected for secretary.

IT is the opinion of the Western Standard that the Whigs will be emboldened on the time democratic principle, and will, we hope, recover the good name and influence it had at the time it was under the charge of Dr. Ells. The late editor, by his ultra abolition notions, was rapidly sinking the paper, and was we presume mainly instrumental in the astonishing defeat we experienced in Old Elgin, at the late election. We hope the present editors of the Democratic may succeed in restoring harmony in the democratic ranks and bring back Ells' Co. to the democratic field; and we further hope that the laborer may be considered worthy his hire, and that abundant success may crown the labors of Messrs. E. & R.

The STATE SENTINEL.—The publishers of the State Sentinel offer their weekly paper to the sum of \$10 per annum, and can copy gratis to the person getting up the club. It will give full reports of the proceedings of the Convention and Legislature. Those wishing to read the proceedings of these bodies at length, or who least desire of taking an habitual paper, will find this a favorable opportunity.

We will endeavor to find room for the press in our next.

Mr. F. D. Price, of this place, is a candidate for Secretary, a station for which he is well qualified. It may be too much to expect both the President and Secretary from this place; but in case Judge Borden is not elected President, we have strong hopes Mr. Sibley may be selected for secretary.

Both these gentlemen are already named for the respective offices by the Bluffton (Wells Co.) Banner, in the following flattering manner:

President of the Convention.—Who shall be President of the Convention to revise our State Constitution? This is a question of some importance. Several gentlemen have been named by their respective friends for this important station.

We would most respectfully suggest the name of the Hon. JAMES W. BORDEN, of Allen, as one of the best qualified men for that station in the state.

We also understand that Geo. L. Sibley, Esq. of Fort Wayne, is a candidate for Secretary, he being a good Democrat, and a very able and of gentlemanly deportment, and every way well qualified. We hope he may be elected.

NEXT PAPER.—Some of the New Hampshire papers are already taking ground in favor of Hon. Levi Woodbury as the next democratic candidate for President. Mr. Burton is named by several western papers as their first choice.

IT is rumored that a project is on foot to establish another democratic paper at Washington, to be conducted by Mr. Blair, former editor of the Globe. Mr. Birch, editor of the Union, has become so ardent in his views, so exclusively southern in his feelings, that he is calculated to weaken the democratic party on the North, without rendering it any corresponding benefit on the South. Another paper, taking more enlarged and national views, would doubtless be more efficient in marshalling and organizing the democratic party for the next Presidential contest than the Union could.

The interior St. Louis has been arrested and committed to our county jail charged with stealing a large quantity of furs from the warehouse of Mr. Price in this place, a few weeks ago.

Overdue book and return.

There will be a meeting of the Company, held at the Engine House THIS EVENING, at 5 o'clock. A full attendance is desired, and every member will be expected to appear in full uniform.

H. W. JONES, Sec.

September 7, 1850.

The appointment of Mr. Erwinck, as Commissioner of Patents, has been confirmed by the Senate.

Mr. McKim has positively retired from the cabinet. In his letter of declination he says that his peculiar temperament, which readily responds to causes of excitement and depression, in connection with considerations of a private and domestic nature, have brought him to the conclusion that a due regard to the interests of his family and himself required his withdrawal.

Hon. Chas. H. Jenkins of Georgia has offered the vacant Secretarieship of the Interior.

It is also rumored that Mr. Bayard of Delaware, and Joseph Marshall and Judge Cushing of this state, had been named in connection with the station.

City of Plank Roads.—Mr. Appleman of Bloody Prairie sent 150 bushels and 31 lbs. wheat to the City Mill in this place at one load.

This immense load was drawn with ease and expedition by four horses, on the plank road from Brown's to this place. It required two trips to convey the load to Brown's, and on reaching him the plank road the two loads were hauled and wrought in as above stated. Comment on this is unnecessary. Farmers may calculate for themselves the actual value of plank roads to them from this simple fact.

The Hotel de Grace Bank St. Louis.—This bank is another proof of the way in which the western bankers are swindled by rotted banks.

It appears that some scoundrels went through several counties in Northern Ohio, and were able to elect an U. S. Senator, they are in a minority of 20 in the Legislature.

In Paris, New York immediately after another democratic Senator must be elected. The delegation in the next Congress will stand—

P. Darby, whig;

Garrison Porter, whig;

J. Miller, whig;

John Miller, anti-Benton;

John S. Phelps, Benton;

The Sen's will stand 12 whigs, 13 Bentonites, 8 anti-Bentons.

The democratic majority on joint ballot is 23, and notwithstanding the unfortunate split between the friends and opponents of Mr. Benton, we cannot believe that either division of the democratic party will prove so recent in their principles as to allow a whig to be elected. We think Mr. Denison will be re-elected; if he cannot, it will be the duty of his friends to unite with his democratic opponents on some other candidate. In no event should this personal quarrel be allowed to give a Whig Senator to the democratic state of Missouri.

Officers of the State Convention.—We see in our exchanges the names of several distinguished gentlemen mentioned, as suitable persons to fill the station of President of the State Convention; among others, our fellow citizen Judge Borden, is warmly recommended.

The Judge would make an able and dignified presiding officer, and as he has been elected to the Convention by an overwhelming majority, to represent a decided democratic district, his selection to that honorable station would be a fitting compliment to both himself and his democratic constituents.

Gordon L. Sibley, Esq., of this city, is a candidate for Secretary, a station for which he is well qualified. It may be too much to expect both the President and Secretary from this place; but in case Judge Borden is not elected President, we have strong hopes Mr. Sibley may be selected for secretary.

IT is the opinion of the Western Standard that the Whigs will be emboldened on the time democratic principle, and will, we hope, recover the good name and influence it had at the time it was under the charge of Dr. Ells. The late editor, by his ultra abolition notions, was rapidly sinking the paper, and was we presume mainly instrumental in the astonishing defeat we experienced in Old Elgin, at the late election. We hope the present editors of the Democratic may succeed in restoring harmony in the democratic ranks and bring back Ells' Co. to the democratic field; and we further hope that the laborer may be considered worthy his hire, and that abundant success may crown the labors of Messrs. E. & R.

The STATE SENTINEL.—The publishers of the State Sentinel offer their weekly paper to the sum of \$10 per annum, and can copy gratis to the person getting up the club. It will give full reports of the proceedings of the Convention and Legislature. Those wishing to read the proceedings of these bodies at length, or who least desire of taking an habitual paper, will find this a favorable opportunity.

We will endeavor to find room for the press in our next.

Mr. F. D. Price, of this place, is a candidate for Secretary, a station for which he is well qualified. It may be too much to expect both the President and Secretary from this place; but in case Judge Borden is not elected President, we have strong hopes Mr. Sibley may be selected for secretary.

Both these gentlemen are already named for the respective offices by the Bluffton (Wells Co.) Banner, in the following flattering manner:

President of the Convention.—Who shall be President of the Convention to revise our State Constitution? This is a question of some importance. Several gentlemen have been named by their respective friends for this important station.

We would most respectfully suggest the name of the Hon. JAMES W. BORDEN, of Allen, as one of the best qualified men for that station in the state.

We also understand that Geo. L. Sibley, Esq. of Fort Wayne, is a candidate for Secretary, he being a good Democrat, and a very able and of gentlemanly deportment, and every way well qualified. We hope he may be elected.

NEXT PAPER.—Some of the New Hampshire papers are already taking ground in favor of Hon. Levi Woodbury as the next democratic candidate for President. Mr. Burton is named by several western papers as their first choice.

IT is rumored that a project is on foot to establish another democratic paper at Washington, to be conducted by Mr. Blair, former editor of the Globe. Mr. Birch, editor of the Union, has become so ardent in his views, so exclusively southern in his feelings, that he is calculated to weaken the democratic party on the North, without rendering it any corresponding benefit on the South. Another paper, taking more enlarged and national views, would doubtless be more efficient in marshalling and organizing the democratic party for the next Presidential contest than the Union could.

The interior St. Louis has been arrested and committed to our county jail charged with stealing a large quantity of furs from the warehouse of Mr. Price in this place, a few weeks ago.

Overdue book and return.

There will be a meeting of the Company, held at the Engine House THIS EVENING, at 5 o'clock. A full attendance is desired, and every member will be expected to appear in full uniform.

H. W. JONES, Sec.

September 7, 1850.

The appointment of Mr. Erwinck, as Commissioner of Patents, has been confirmed by the Senate.

Mr. McKim has positively retired from the cabinet. In his letter of declination he says that his peculiar temperament, which readily responds to causes of excitement and depression, in connection with considerations of a private and domestic nature, have brought him to the conclusion that a due regard to the interests of his family and himself required his withdrawal.

Hon. Chas. H. Jenkins of Georgia has offered the vacant Secretarieship of the Interior.

It is also rumored that Mr. Bayard of Delaware, and Joseph Marshall and Judge Cushing of this state, had been named in connection with the station.

City of Plank Roads.—Mr. Appleman of Bloody Prairie sent 150 bushels and 31 lbs. wheat to the City Mill in this place at one load.

This immense load was drawn with ease and expedition by four horses, on the plank road from Brown's to this place. It required two trips to convey the load to Brown's, and on reaching him the plank road the two loads were hauled and wrought in as above stated. Comment on this is unnecessary. Farmers may calculate for themselves the actual value of plank roads to them from this simple fact.

The Hotel de Grace Bank St. Louis.—This bank is another proof of the way in which the western bankers are swindled by rotted banks.

It appears that some scoundrels went through several counties in Northern Ohio, and were able to elect an U. S. Senator, they are in a minority of 20 in the Legislature.

In Paris, New York immediately after another democratic Senator must be elected. The delegation in the next Congress will stand—

P. Darby, whig;

Garrison Porter, whig;

J. Miller, whig;

There's a good time coming
We are now receiving a large and full stock

FALL AND WINTER GOODS;
a part already on our shelves, and
another will be in the course of the week. Gains.

ORFF & SCHWEIGMAN.

New Stock of Fall Goods

AT THE CHEAP CASH STORE.

MASON has just received a general

list of new

Fall and Winter Goods,

to which he respectfully invites the attention

of the public and general of Fort Wayne and the surrounding country. It is needless to point

out that it is difficult to see the assortment

is GENERAL and selected with a peculiar view

to accommodate the wants of all classes

in this section of country. It includes

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

all manner and the newest fashions—such as

Montgomery, Almora, Calicoes, etc., &c.

Men's Buttons, Trimmings, Fancy Articles

of every description, Shirts, Pictures,

Linens, &c.

Broadcloths, Satins, Jeans, Trousers, &

Albion Shoes and Boots, Hates and Caps, Ladies'

and Children's' Garments, etc., Late Books, &c.

Together with a full supply of

Groceries, Hardware, Quercusware,

Nails, Glass, &c.

Persons wishing to purchase are advised to call, as they will find everything they want, and can purchase at the very lowest prices. I am determined to maintain the reputation of my establishment, as

THE DEPOT STORE.

and will not be imposed by any more in the West. Buyers will therefore study their own interest by buying of me.

Fort Wayne, Aug. 13, 1850.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF FALL GOODS

MR. DRIES has just received a general

assortment of Fall Goods, of the newest

and most beautiful English and American

Cotton, Wool, Linen, Flannel, Plaiding,

Wool, Felt, Shakespear (100 Illustrated), Pill-

owls, Buttons, Knitwear, Hats, and Laces,

Hats, Bonnets, Gloves, &c., &c.

Handkerchiefs, Handkerchiefs, Handker-

chiefs, Handkerchiefs, Handkerchiefs, Hand-

kerchiefs, Handkerchiefs, Handkerchiefs, Hand-

</div

